CLAIMS

- 1. A hydraulic composite material having a substanceadsorbing function, humidity-adjusting function, and/or
 photocatalytic function, characterized in that calcium
 silicate cement or calcium phosphate cement is deposited as a
 hydraulic material on a suitable substrate in the presence of
 water so as to be hardened and to thereby cause the cement to
 solidify, be fixed, and self-adhere to the application
 surface.
- 2. The composite material according to claim 1, wherein the substrate is a humidity-adjusting material or a photocatalyst.
- 3. The composite material according to claim 1, wherein the hydraulic material is applied to the surface of the photocatalytic particles and the photocatalytic particles are bonded by a hydration reaction via the hydraulic material.
- 4. The composite material according to claim 1, wherein calcium silicate cement as the hydraulic material has as its main component calcium silicate, calcium aluminate silicate, or calcium magnesium silicate.
- 5. The composite material according to claim 4, wherein the calcium silicate is alite or belite, the calcium aluminate silicate is anorthite, and the calcium magnesium silicate is diopside.
- 6. The composite material according to claim 1, wherein calcium phosphate cement as the hydraulic material is octacalcium phosphate.

- 7. A method of producing hydraulic composite material, characterized in that a suspension or solution containing the above hydraulic material is mixed with a photocatalyst.
- 8. A method of producing hydraulic composite material, characterized by immersing a photocatalyst in a solution containing phosphorus and calcium, and depositing the hydraulic calcium phosphate on the surface thereof.
 - 9. The method of producing hydraulic composite material according to claim 8, wherein octacalcium phosphate is deposited on the surface by hydrolyzing octacalcium phosphate.
 - 10. The method of producing hydraulic composite material according to claim 8, wherein the calcium phosphate has photocatalytic properties.
 - 11. The method of producing hydraulic composite material according to claim 10, wherein the photocatalytic activity of the calcium phosphate is brought about by light with a wavelength of 250 nm or less, does not occur with sunlight, fluorescent light, or another normal light source, and is initiated solely when irradiated with low-wavelength UV.
 - 12. A structural member characterized in that the hydraulic composite material according to any one of claims 1 to 5 is formed on the surface of a structural member, and a substance-adsorbing function, humidity-adjusting function, and/or photocatalytic function is imparted thereto.